

Collective Biographies - the Database

BBI - Biographical Background Information

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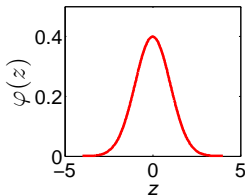
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Carl Friedrich Gauss



1777–1855



$$\varphi(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}z^2\right\} \quad \text{norm}$$

Carl Friedrich Gauss on BBI: 

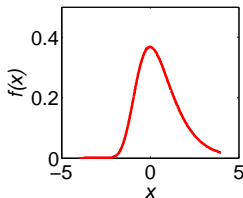
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Emil Julius Gumbel



1891–1966



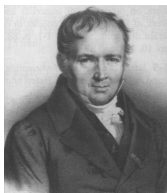
$$f(x) = \exp[-\{x + \exp(-x)\}]$$

Emil Julius Gumbel on BBI: 

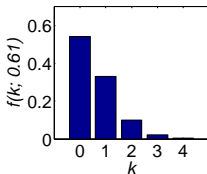
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Siméon Poisson, Ladislaus von Bortkiewicz



1781-1840



$$f(k; \lambda) = \exp\{-\lambda\} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!}$$



1868-1931

Siméon Denis Poisson and Ladislaus von Bortkiewicz on BBI:



BBI - Biographical Background Information



BBI

(i) Database - Biographic Information

- ▶ Scientists, structure and interface
- ▶ Criteria and principles, academic contributions

(ii) Research and Teaching

- ▶ Selected biographies of statisticians and mathematicians
- ▶ BBI in practice: projects and courses



Outline

1. Motivation ✓
2. BBI Project
3. Selected Biographies
4. BBI in Practice
5. Conclusions



BBI Structure

- 116 biographies [▶ Alphabetical / Time index](#)
 - ▶ Biographical information and photo, education, career path
 - ▶ Academic contribution, important publications, network building

- Μητίς knowledge database [▶ Link](#)



Criteria and principles

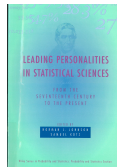
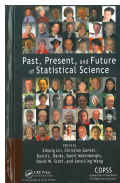
□ Academic Contributions

- ▶ Mathematics
- ▶ Mathematical statistics
- ▶ Various fields of statistics, e.g. financial statistics



Sources

- Dictionaries and enciclopedias
- Archives
 - ▶ Uppsala
 - ▶ Amsterdam
 - ▶ Berlin



Ladislaus von Bortkiewicz

► Biography

Ladislaw Josephowitsch Bortkiewitsch



7 Aug. 1868 St Petersburg - 15 July 1931 Berlin



Wladimir Savelyevich Woytinsky

► Biography

Vladimir S. Vojtinskij



12 Nov. 1885 St. Petersburg - 11 June 1960 Washington



Ernst Wagemann

► Biography

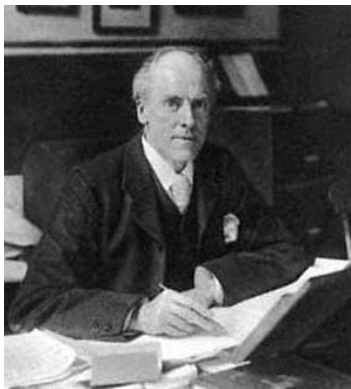


18 Febr. 1884 Chanarcillo - 20 March 1956 Bad Godesberg



Karl Pearson

► Biography

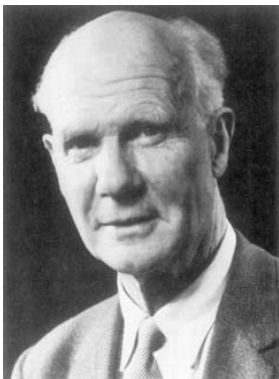


27 March 1857 London - 27 April 1936 Coldharbour Surrey



Egon Pearson

► Biography



11 Aug. 1895 Hamstead - 12 June 1980 Sussex



Hermann Otto Hirschfeld

► Biography

Hermann Otto Hartley



13 April 1912 Berlin - 30 Dec. 1980 Durham



BBI in Practice

Definition

Let (\mathcal{X}, d) be a metric space. It is called

- **complete** iff any Cauchy-sequence converges in \mathcal{X} . (this is clear in \mathbb{R}^n , in \mathbb{Q}^n not complete).
- a **Hilbert space** iff its linear and complete and (usually) infinite-dimensional.
- a **Banach space** if the normed space is complete.

David Hilbert, Stefan Banach and The Scottish Café on BBI:



Advanced Mathematics - Topology and Convex Optimization

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BBI in Practice

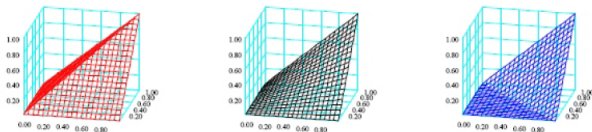


Figure 9.2: Fréchet-Hoeffding upper bound $M(u_1, u_2)$ (left), product copula $\Pi(u_1, u_2)$ (middle), Fréchet-Hoeffding lower bound $W(u_1, u_2)$ (right).

Wassily Hoeffding and Maurice R. Fréchet on BBI:



Advanced Methods in Quantitative Finance - Modeling Dependencies with Copulae

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BBI in Practice

Cornish-Fisher Expansion

- CF Expansion (1938): approximation of an α -quantile of any distribution, F , with an α -quantile of standard normal distribution, Φ .
- Apply
 - ▶ Lagrange Inversion Theorem - step 1
 - ▶ Gram-Charlier Series Expansion - step 2

Joseph Louis Lagrange, Jørgen Pedersen Gram and Carl Charlier on

BBI: 

Metis knowledge database - Bahadur Representation, Edgeworth Expansion and Cornish-Fisher Expansion



BBI in Practice

1. Exponential-ACD, Engle and Russel (1998)

► EACD

$$\varepsilon_i \sim \text{Exp}(1), \boldsymbol{\theta}_E = (\omega, \boldsymbol{\alpha}, \boldsymbol{\beta})^\top, \boldsymbol{\alpha} = (\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_p), \boldsymbol{\beta} = (\beta_1, \dots, \beta_q)$$

2. Weibull-ACD, Engle and Russel (1998)

► WACD

$$\varepsilon_i \sim \mathcal{G}(s, 1), \boldsymbol{\theta}_W = (\omega, \boldsymbol{\alpha}, \boldsymbol{\beta}, s)^\top$$

Robert F. Engle and Waloddi E.H. Weibull on BBI:



Härdle et al. (2014) *Local Adaptive Multiplicative Error Models for High-Frequency Forecasts*



Conclusions

(i) Database - Biographic Information

- ▶ Better and deeper understanding the history of our field
- ▶ Constructed by many colleagues, advanced collaboration on an open-end-project
- ▶ Gives impulses to think on historical roots, or influences of the development until recent days



Conclusions

(ii) Research and Teaching

- ▶ Selected biographies of statisticians and mathematicians
- ▶ Examples of usefulness in teaching and research -
it helps to present results



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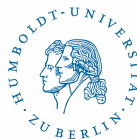
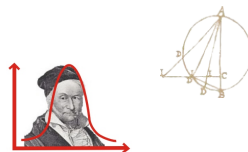
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Education

- He studied law in St Petersburg, then political economy and statistics at the universities in Strassburg (today Strasbourg), Göttingen, Vienna and Leipzig
- He received a doctoral degree in 1893 at the University of Göttingen under Wilhelm Lexis
- In 1895 he became Privatdozent after the Habilitation at the University of Strassburg under Georg Friedrich Knapp

► Selected biographies





Career Path

- From 1897 to 1901 he was working in a railway office in St Petersburg and was teaching at the Alexandrovsky Lyceum
- He became außerordentlicher professor at the University of Berlin in 1901; in 1920 he became full professor (ad personam)
- From 1906 to 1923 he also taught at the Berlin School of Economics (Handels-Hochschule)

► Selected biographies





Academic Contribution

- Mathematical statistics and applications to actuarial science (Prussian horse-kick data) and political economy (Marx's theory on profit and prices)
- He discovered that events with low frequency in a large population follow a Poisson distribution
- Editor of the 7 volumes "Die Welt in Zahlen" by **Wladimir Woytinsky** published between 1925 and 1928 in Berlin

► Selected biographies





Important Publications

- ▣ Die mittlere Lebensdauer, Jena, 1893
- ▣ Das Gesetz der kleinen Zahlen, Leipzig, 1898
- ▣ Wertrechnung und Preisrechnung im Marxschen System, Archiv für Sozialwissenschaft und Sozialpolitik, 1907
- ▣ Die radioaktive Strahlung als Gegenstand wahrscheinlichkeits-theoretischer Untersuchungen, Berlin, 1913
- ▣ Die Iterationen, Berlin, 1917

► Selected biographies





Education and Career Path

- He studied law at the University St. Petersburg, as student he participated in the Russian revolution in 1905
- From 1908 to 1912 he was in prison, from 1912 to 1917 he was in exile in Siberia because of this political activities against the Russian Imperator; in exile he studied economic literature

► Selected biographies





Career Path

- In 1917 he participated in the February Revolution in Russia, from 1918 to 1922 he was working for the social democratic government in Georgia
- From 1922 to 1933 he was an emigrant in Germany, from 1933 to 1935 in France; since 1935 he and his wife and collaborator Emma S. Woytinsky (1893 Witebsk - 1968 Washington) were living in the USA

► Selected biographies





Career Path

- In Berlin Wladimir and Emma Woytinsky were working together on a project of popularization of statistics (published from 1925 to 1928) and came in contact with **Ladislaus von Bortkiewicz** who became their private teacher and editor of these volumes
- From 1929 to 1933 he became the director of the small statistical department of the central trade union organization (ADGB), one of his collaborator was Bruno Gleitze

► Selected biographies





Career Path

- In the USA he was working for the Central Statistical Board, from 1942 to 1947 for the Social Security Board, and later for different government institutions
- Wladimir and Emma Woytinsky published together three books, in 1943 on employment in the USA, 1953 *World Population and Production*, and 1959 *Lessons of the Recessions*

► Selected biographies





Academic Contribution

- Between 1925 and 1928 he published 7 volumes *The World in Figures* (Die Welt in Zahlen) in Berlin, edited by **Ladislaus von Bortkiewicz**
- In January 1932 he propagated the WTB plan against recession because of the economic crisis, together with Fritz Tarnow (1880-1951) and Fritz Baade (1893-1974)

► Selected biographies





Academic Contribution

- He was one of the most famous expert on the policy of *New Deal*
- His autobiography *Stormy Passage: A Personal History Through Two Russian Revolutions to Democracy and Freedom: 1905-1960* was published in New York in 1961; her autobiography *Two Lives in One* came out in 1965

► Selected biographies





Education and Career Path

- He attended the German School in Valparaíso, then he came to the high school in Lüneburg
- After his studies of economy and political sciences in Göttingen, Berlin and Heidelberg he received a doctoral degree in 1907
- From 1908 to 1910 he was a lecturer at the Hamburg Colonial Institute
- From 1911 to 1913 he traveled to South America

► Selected biographies





Career Path

- He finished his Habilitation in 1914 at the University of Berlin
- In 1919 he became außerordentlicher professor at Berlin University and worked at the Prussian Ministry
- From 1923 to 1933 he was director of the Prussian Statistical Office; he was teaching at the University of Berlin, and he was the director of the newly Institute for business cycles

► Selected biographies





Academic Contribution

- In 1932 he suggested the "Wagemann Plan" to combat the economic crisis, in contradiction to the "WTB-Plan" by **Wladimir Woytinsky**, and Fritz Tarnow, and Fritz Baade
- From 1945 to 1949 he was living in Chile, where he founded the "Instituto de Economia" in 1948
- Wagemann influenced the modern business statistics in Germany

► Selected biographies





Education and Career Path

- ▣ He studied mathematics, German literature (in Heidelberg and Berlin) and law
- ▣ He established the Department of Applied Statistics at the University of London and held a chair in eugenics
- ▣ Father of **Egon Pearson**

► Selected biographies





Academic Contribution

- Co-founder of the journal *Biometrika*, and its editor until his death
- Pearson's correlation coefficient
- Classification of distributions
- Pearson's chi-square test

► Selected biographies





Education and Career Path

- Son of Karl Pearson
- He studied solar physics, but became involved in statistics
- Joined his father's Department of Applied Statistics at University College London
- Became managing editor of the journal *Biometrika* after his father's death

► Selected biographies





Academic Contribution

- Neyman-Pearson lemma of statistical hypothesis testing
- Together with **Hermann O. Hirschfeld** he published two volumes of *"Tables for Biometricians Statisticians"* in 1954 and 1972, which became a standard publication until the late 1970s

► Selected biographies





Education and Career Path

- ▣ He studied mathematics at the universities in Göttingen and Berlin
- ▣ He received the doctoral degree in 1934 at the Berlin University
- ▣ Because of the Nazi regime he emigrated to England in 1934, where he worked under John Wishart at the Cambridge University

► Selected biographies





Career Path

- In England he changed his surname to Hartley; he married and the couple raised two children
- In 1953 he moved to the USA
- Statistician at Harper Adams Agriculture College, Shropshire from 1936 to 1938
- From 1938 onwards he was part of the Scientific Computing Services team, collaborating with Egon Pearson

► Selected biographies





Career Path

- ▣ Lecturer in Statistics at University College London in 1946
- ▣ Professor at Iowa State College in 1953
- ▣ Professor at Texas A&M in 1964
- ▣ Duke University; National Testing Service

► Selected biographies





Academic Contribution

- During the World War II he was involved in army research in the team of the Scientific Computing Services
- He was one of the founders of the Texas A&M University's Institute of Statistics
- Together with **Egon Pearson** he published two volumes of "*Tables for Biometricians Statisticians*" in 1954 and 1972, which became a standard publication until the late 1970s

► Selected biographies





Important Publications

- Biometrika Tables for Statisticians, vol. 1., 1954, with Egon Pearson
- Unbiased ratio estimators, 1954, with Rao, J.N.K.
- Biometrika Tables for Statisticians, vol. 2., 1972, with Egon Pearson

► Selected biographies





Important Publications

- ▣ The impact of computers on statistic, 1976
- ▣ Estimation of nonsampling variance components in sample surveys, 1978, with Rao, J.N.K.

► Selected biographies



Μήτις Knowledge Database

[► BBI Project](#)

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Ladislav von Borkiewicz Chair of Statistics - Miscellaneous (link)

BBI - Biographical Background Information



Biographical Background Information

► BBI Project

